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Appendix I.

[Vide answer to question No. 125 asked by Mr. Sami Venkatachalam Chetti at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 5th August 1932, page 337 supra.]

Statement I.

Statement showing which of the Retrenchment Committee's proposals which were shown in Table C as under consideration on 1st March 1932, have been accepted up to 15th July 1932.

A. Additional Revenue.

Recommendations.	Remarks.
Excise—	
Abandonment of the system of granting remissions to renters for alleged loss of revenue during the currency of their leases.	
General Administration—	
Increase in the scale of fines under the Cattle Trespass Act.	The Retrenchment Committee recommended an increase of 100 per cent. The fines have been generally increased by 50 per cent.
Levy of audit fees for accounts audited by the Examiner of Local Fund Accounts.	
Administration of Justice—	
Levy of poundage on sales effected by the sheriff.	
Education—	
Raising the rate of fees in Government Arts and Professional Colleges.	
Levy of a registration fee in Government Colleges.	
Miscellaneous Departments—	
Levy of fees for tests and inspections made by the Electrical Inspector to Government.	

B. Savings in Expenditure.

Recommendations.	Remarks.
5. Land Revenue—	
Reduction of staff in Central Survey Office.	Staff reduced by ten clerks.
6. Excise—	
Abolition of the selection grade for Assistant Commissioners.	One selection grade post will be abolished from August 18, 1932.
8. Forest—	
Keeping in abeyance the post of Assistant Forest Utilization Officer.	
Discontinuance of the holding of Vernacular Training Schools.	
Reduction in the cadre strength of Research work to one.	
Reduction of departmental exploitation.	
9. Registration—	
Reduction in the number of Reserve Sub-Registrars from 77 to 55.	The number of Reserve Sub-Registrars was reduced to 74.
22. General Administration—	
Reduction in the number of Aides-de-Camp by one.	Reduction to be made as a temporary measure from October next.
Reduction in the strength of the Bodyguard by ten men (from 1932–33).	
Abolition of six of the posts of personal clerks and seven posts of peons attached to Members and Ministers.	One post of clerk has been kept in abeyance. The question of reducing the number of peons is under consideration.

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B. SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE—*cont.*

Recommendations.	Remarks.
22. General Administration—*cont.*	
Reduction of the salary of Deputy President, Legislative Council.	The Retrenchment Committee suggested reduction to a nominal sum. Fifty per cent voluntary surrender has been accepted.
Decentralization of work in Revenue Department by greater delegation to the Board of Revenue and consequent reduction in establishment.	Certain powers under the Madras Abkari Act have been delegated to the Commissioner of Excise and certain others to the Board of Revenue in respect of Stamp Act.
Abolition of the temporary Budget Superintendent and two lower division clerks in the Public Works and Labour Department.	
Abolition of one peon attached to each of the Secretaries to Government.	Three posts of peons have been abolished. Further proposals are under consideration.
Madras Record Office—Concentration of work in future on mending, printing, cataloguing and indexing records instead of the present work of "calendaring" records.	
Gazetteers—Transfer of the work of editing gazetteers and Statistical Memoirs from the Board of Revenue to Madras Record Office and abolition of the post of Personal Assistant.	Work of editing gazetteers transferred to Collectors and the Personal Assistant to work under the control of the Board of Revenue.
Abolition of the system of printing reports of vernacular papers and issuing the reports monthly instead of weekly.	The number of copies of the reports was reduced from 80 to 48 and the weekly report has been converted into a monthly one.
Amalgamation of Madras with Chingleput.	Accepted for two years.
Abolition of Dharmavaram division.	
Abolition of the Vedasandur sub-taluk in Madura.	
Reduction in the pay of village establishments.	Reduction accepted in respect of future incumbents.
Reduction of the special pay of Rs. 100 to Rs. 75 to the Port Officer, Mangalore, for being in charge of Central Coir Depot.	The 10 per cent reduction of the special pay will be continued indefinitely until a change in condition justifies a revision of the allowance.
Temporary restriction on the direct recruitment of Probationary Revenue Inspectors and Deputy Tahsildars to 50 per cent of the normal.	It has been suggested to abolish the system of direct recruitment of Probationary Revenue Inspectors and to develop the Probationary Deputy Tahsildars system.
24. Administration of Justice—	
Abolition of head clerks in sub-courts and replacement by routine clerks.	Abolition in respect of 12 sub-courts has so far been accepted.
Reduction of the clerical establishment of the High Court.	
Law officers—Reduction of the maximum fee allowed to pleaders engaged to defend persons accused of capital offences from Rs. 300 to Rs. 245.	
Abolition of Sub-Magistrate's Court at Tellicherry, Malabar district.	
Removal of unnecessary fans in the office of the Administrator-General and Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes.	

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B. Savings in Expenditure—*cont.*

Recommendations.	Remarks.
25. Jails and Convict Settlements—	
Closure of the Alipuram Jail, Bellary.	
26. Police—	
Reduction in the strength of the taluk police in the Agency.	
Reduction in the staff engaged on process serving duties.	
Reduction of malis in police station gardens in the city.	
30. Scientific Departments—	
Appointment of a part-time instead of a full-time Numismatic Assistant in the Government Museum.	
Discontinuance of the donations to Bhandarkhar Oriental Research Institute, Poona.	
Formation of an Electricity Board ..	The question to be considered when State enterprise reaches as a further degree of development.
31. Education—	
Abolition of the Philosophy and Sanskrit departments in the Presidency College.	Philosophy department abolished. One post of Madras Educational Service in the Sanskrit department converted into one of Subordinate Educational Service.
Abolition of the Philosophy department and Forms IV to VI in the Victoria College, Palghat.	
Revision of the scale of remuneration given to the part-time lecturers in the Law College, Madras.	
Conversion of one Madras Educational Service post into a Subordinate Service post and keeping in abeyance the post of one Laboratory Assistant and one attender in the Engineering College.	
Closure of the Vizagapatam Engineering School.	
Abolition of 50 School Assistants in Government Training Schools.	
Abolition of the Government Commercial Schools in Calicut, Vizagapatam and Madras.	The school at Madras to continue till 30th April 1933 with minimum staff.
Replacement of one of the two clerks in each Assistant and Sub-Assistant Inspectresses' office by an attender.	One post of clerk in each office was abolished and a peon's post in each was converted into that of an attender.
Abolition of two District Educational Officers by amalgamating the Ceded districts into two charges.	
Suspension of the grants for medical inspection.	
Discontinuance of the subsidy paid to temporary secondary training classes attached to aided secondary schools.	
Abolition of the temporary peripatetic music teacher and one peon under European schools.	
32. Medical—	
Gradual abolition of the Tanjore Medical School.	
Reduction by 19 in the number of stipends to midwifery pupils in the Government Hospital for Women and Children.	The number was reduced by 15.

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B. Savings in Expenditure—*cont.*

Recommendations.	Remarks.
32. Medical—*cont.*	
Reduction in the value of stipends to pupil-midwives from Rs. 45 and Rs. 35 to Rs. 25 and Rs. 20.	Value of stipends was reduced from Rs. 35 to Rs. 30 in the case of future stipendiaries. The stipends of pupil-nurses were reduced by Rs. 5.
Stoppage of recruitment of Sub-Assistant Surgeons in such a way as to enable the number of private medical practitioners to be increased to 50 per cent as against the present 25 per cent.	Government have sanctioned the withdrawal of all Government Sub-Assistant Surgeons employed in local fund medical institutions other than those at taluk headquarters and Dhanushkodi gradually as vacancies occur in Government cadre and employment of private medical practitioners in their places.
Abolition of the post of Assistant to the Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in Medical College, and Lecturer in Medical Jurisprudence in the Medical School, Rayapuram, and the creation of a full-time professor.	
33. Public Health—	
Reduction in the rank of the Sanitary Engineer to that of an Executive Engineer and Deputy Sanitary Engineers to that of Assistant Engineers.	Two posts of Deputy Sanitary Engineers have been abolished.
34. Agriculture—	
Abolition of the posts of Systematic Botanist and Assistant Entomologist.	
Abolition of the post of Personal Assistant to the Principal, Agricultural College.	The Personal Assistant to the Principal was replaced by an Accountant.
Abolition of the post of Headquarters Deputy Director.	Instead of the Headquarters Deputy Director, the post of Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture has been abolished.
Reduction of the number of Deputy Directors by four with corresponding reduction in establishment.	Two District Agricultural Officers were abolished in lieu of Deputy Directors.
Closure of livestock research stations with resultant abolition of two gazetted assistants.	Orders issued to close the Chintaladevi farm and the buffalo station at Guntur and to abolish the post of Superintendent, Livestock, Chintaladevi.
Amalgamation of the posts of Research Engineer in the Agricultural and Industries Department—Half cost.	
Replacement of two or three gazetted assistants to research officers by upper subordinates.	One post of Superintendent in the Madras Agricultural Service has been abolished.
Veterinary—	
Restriction in the recruitment of Veterinary Assistant Surgeons so as to reduce the permanent strength to 75 per cent of the present cadre.	
Opening of a serum institute.	
Co-operative credit—	
Abolition of the post of one Deputy Registrar (Labour department) and staff.	
Abolition of the staff employed under the Deputy Registrar, Ramnad Circle.	

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B. SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE—*cont.*

Recommendations.	Remarks.
35. Industries—	
Abolition of certain posts in the School of Arts and Crafts.	
Industrial Schools and Trades Schools, Calicut, Bellary and Mangalore—Reduction in net expenditure.	
Industrial Institute, Madura—Restriction to educational purposes only.	
Closure of the Madras Industrial Institute.	
Abolition of two weaving parties and one dyeing party.	
Amalgamation of the posts of Research Engineer in the Industrial and Agricultural departments—Half cost.	
37. Miscellaneous Departments—	
Delegation of powers to Collectors to sanction activities of all kinds connected with labour.	
46. Stationery and Printing—	
Imposing greater responsibility on individual departments for expenditure on printing and stationery.	
Restriction of overtime work in the Government Press.	The extension of Mint Buildings and the installation of new machinery are expected to reduce expenditure on overtime.
Appointment of stationery stock verifier to reduce waste in subsidiary offices.	
Administration reports—Discontinuance of the practice of printing subsidiary administration reports and unnecessary statistics and reducing the dimensions of the reports.	The recommendation is being given effect to wherever possible.
Discontinuance of the publication of College Calendars.	Do.
Departmental lists—Publication every six months instead of every quarter.	Do.
Curtailment and restriction of free supply and distribution of Government publications.	Do.
Restriction on printing at private presses.	Do.
Departmental lists—Publication in the same form as the combined Civil List.	Do.
Expenditure Common to all Departments—Reduction or abolition of special pays and compensatory allowances in some cases.	Orders have been issued on many of the items; others are under consideration.

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STATEMENT II.

Statement showing the recommendations of the Retrenchment Committee which were rejected up to 1st March 1932 (vide Table D, Appendix III of the Report) and from 1st March 1932 to 15th July 1932 together with the financial value of the recommendations and the reasons for rejecting them.

[NOTE.—Items with an asterisk are those which are rejected up to 1st March 1932.]

A. ADDITIONAL REVENUE.

Recommendation of the Committee.	Financial effect in a full year. LAKHS.	Reasons why rejected.
VI. Excise—		
Grant of licences for foreign liquor shops by a system of calling for tenders instead of charging fixed fees.	Not known.	Not workable.
XXII. Medical—		
* Levy of half fees for women students ..	·03	Not desirable in the public interests.
XXIV. Veterinary—		
Levy of a small fee (say 4 annas) for each inoculation wherever possible.	·03	Do.
XXVI. Miscellaneous Departments—		
Levy of a small fee for inspection of factories.	Not known.	Do.
XXX. Civil Works—		
* Withdrawal of the concession of rent-free quarters and free supply of electric energy for the Government House staff.	·27	Do.
* Withdrawal of the concession of rent-free quarters from the personnel of the Saluting Battery at Ootacamund.	·001	Do.

B. SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE.

Recommendation of the Committee.	Financial effect in a full year. LAKHS.	Reasons why rejected.
6. Excise—		
* Abolition of— One Deputy Commissioner and establishments. One Territorial Assistant Commissioner.	·49	Weakening of the supervising staff will lead to decline in revenue.
* Reduction of the post of Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise from the rank of Assistant Commissioner to that of a Senior Inspector.	·03	Not desirable in public interests.
8. Forest—		
* Abolition of the post of Forest Assistant to the Chenchu Officer.	·03	Do.
Restricting the number of divisions to 29 as against the proposed 31 in the recent reorganization.	·20	Do.
22. General Administration—		
* Abolition of the Musiri division in Trichinopoly and the sub-taluks of Narasanapetta, Mangalagiri, Virudhunagar and Hosdrug.	·26	Do.
Reduction in the strength of the Cabinet by one.	·75	Unnecessary at present.

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B. Savings in Expenditure—*cont.*

Recommendation of the Committee.	Financial effect in a full year.	Reasons why rejected.
22. General Administration—*cont.*		
	LAKHS.	
Abolition of the posts of Superintendent, Local Self-Government and Public Works and Labour Departments.	·04	Not desirable in public interests.
Move of Government to the hills to be limited to one stay of four months.	·20	Do.
Abolition of Dhone division by transferring Pattikonda taluk to Bellary.	·08	Do.
Abolition of Anantapur district	·16	Do.
Amalgamation of the Nilgiris district with Coimbatore.	·40	The time is not opportune for the amalgamation.
Amalgamation of the West Godavari and Kistna districts.	·40	Not desirable in public interests.
Abolition of 3 sub-taluks, Tirur in Malabar and Tranquebar and Valangiman in Tanjore.	·12	Do.
Abolition of the communal returns and one Upper division clerk in the Chief Secretariat.	·01	Do.
Revision of the rates of exchange of rice and coir in Laccadives and Amindivis.	Not known.	Not necessary.
24. Administration of Justice—		
* Abolition of the District Munsif's Court, Madura.	·11	Not desirable in the public interest.
* Abolition of the Sub-Court at Negapatam ..	·17	Do.
* Abolition of the Sub-Court at Chittoor and the retention of the Sub-Court at Vellore.	·15	Do.
* Abolition of the Sub-Magistrate's Court at Coondapoor and Karkal in South Kanara district.	·05	Do.
Reduction in the present period of vacation in all Courts including the High Court by a fortnight.	Not known.	Neither necessary nor desirable.
Reduction in the number of copies of judgments and calendars that are now being submitted to District Magistrates.	Do.	Not desirable in the public interest.
Increasing the number of Honorary Presidency Magistrates empowered to sit singly and reducing the number of stipendiary Presidency Magistrates by one.	Do.	It is not desirable in the public interest to reduce the number of stipendiary Presidency Magistrates. The question of increasing the number of Honorary Presidency Magistrates sitting singly is under consideration.
26. Police—		
Replacement of the District Superintendent of Police at Koraput by an Assistant Superintendent of Police.	·04	Not desirable in public interests.
Replacement of both of the Railway District Superintendents of Police by Assistant Superintendents of Police.	·08	Not practicable.
Substitution of two head constables for two sergeants in the traffic staff in the City.	·03	Do.

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B. SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE—*cont.*

Recommendation of the Committee.	Financial effect in a full year.	Reasons why rejected.
	LAKHS.	
31. Education—		
* Reduction in the rates of boarding grants for European Secondary Schools.	·25	Not desirable.
Abolition of the Government Arts College at Rajahmundry and the College Department of the Brennen College, Tellicherry.	·28	Do.
Abolition of the Sanskrit department in the Presidency College.	·08	Do.
32. Medical—		
Abolition of the post of Assistant Professor of Bio-Chemistry in the Vizagapatam Medical College.	·05	Not desirable in public interests.
* Abolition of the posts of Lecturer and Assistant Lecturer in Chemistry in the Rayapuram Medical School.	·04	Do.
Appointment of a cheaper agency by training a local man to take the place of the Chemical Examiner.	Not known.	Do.
33. Public Health—		
* Abolition of two posts of Assistant Director of Public Health.	·23	Do.
* Abolition of the post of six Assistant District Health Officers.	·16	Do.
* Provincialization of the staff of Agency Vaccinators in return for the transfer of education to the Agency Local Board.	·12	Do.
* Abolition of the posts of Rural Sanitation Officer and the Propaganda Officer, and reduction in the allotment for expenses connected with health propaganda by 50 per cent.	·35	Do.
* Substitution of quinine febrifuge for quinine.	Not known.	Do.
Appointment of a cheaper agency by training a local man to take the place of the Public Analyst.	Do.	Do.
34. Agriculture—		
Abolition of the post of Statistical Assistant and Assistant Chemist.	·15	Do.
Veterinary. Introduction of a simpler form of mortality returns (of infectious diseases only) to the Veterinary department.	Not known.	Change in existing system not necessary nor desirable.
Co-operative credit—		
* Abolition of the post of Joint Registrar of Co-operative Societies.	·19	Not desirable in the public interests.
* Employment of routine in place of inspector-clerks.	·17	Do.
* Modification of the recommendation about the revision of pay of Sub-Deputy Registrars, with regard to four Sub-Deputy Registrars in independent charge.	·01	Do.
* Withdrawal of subsidies to Training Institutes (one accepted).	·09	Do.
35. Industries—		
Abolition of the post of Ceramic Assistant ..	·05	Do.
Abolition of the Deputy Director's post ..	·14	Do.
Cinchona—Direct purchase of the outturn of the factory instead of through the Government of India Medical Stores Department at Madras.	Not known.	Do.

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B. SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE—*cont.*

Recommendation of the Committee.	Financial effect in a full year.	Reasons why rejected.
	LAKHS.	
35. Fisheries—		
Reduction of 20 per cent in the amount of compensation paid to local bodies for inland fisheries.	·13	Not desirable in the public interests.
Adjustment of the price of salt so as to balance revenue and expenditure.	·85	Do.
37. Miscellaneous Departments—		
* Vital Statistics—Abolition of 25 clerks employed in Collectors' offices.	·15	Do.
* Transfer of labour functions of the Commissioner of Labour to other officers.	Not known.	Do.
* Transfer of Criminal Tribes Settlements either to the Inspector-General of Prisons or to Collectors.	..	Do.
41. Civil Works—		
Further restriction of allotment for works of all kinds keeping the minimum at Rs. 44 (*plus* 108) 152 lakhs.	5·68	No further action was considered necessary.
46. Stationery and Printing—		
Curtailment and restriction of free supply and distribution of Government publications (Supply of departmental administration reports to Members of Legislative Councils).	Not known.	A conference of leaders of the parties in the Council was not in favour of any restriction.
Common to all departments—		
Reduction or abolition of—		
* (*a*) Special pays.	·04	
* (*b*) Compensatory allowances.	·36	

STATEMENT III.

Department.	Budget estimate, 1931–32.	Effect in 1932–33 of Retrenchment Committee's recommendations accepted.	Percentage of [columns (3) to (2)].
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	LAKHS.	LAKHS.	PER CENT.
A. Retrenchment by major heads—			
Land Revenue	29·08	7·91	27·2
Excise	40·51	2·28	5·6
Stamps	6·59	·51	7·8
Forest	44·73	3·27	7·3
Registration	30·36	2·01	6·6
Irrigation	112·89	6·54	5·8
General administration	282·94	7·52	2·6
Administration of Justice ..	100·68	3·65	3·6
Jails and Convict Settlements ..	29·27	4·67	15·9
Police	176·40	7·02	3·9

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Statement III—*cont.*

Department. (1)	Budget estimate, 1931–32. (2)	Effect in 1932–33 of Retrenchment Committee's recommendations accepted. (3)	Percentage of [columns (3) to (2)]. (4)
	LAKHS.	LAKHS.	PER CENT.
A. Retrenchment by major heads—*cont.*			
Ports and Pilotage	·29	·02	6·9
Scientific departments	2·71	·37	13·6
Education	264·77	20·23	7·6
Medical	94·75	4·80	5·1
Public Health	40·85	10·55	25·8
Agriculture, Veterinary and Co-operative Credit.	45·05	4·57	10·1
Industries and Fisheries	21·15	4·07	19·2
Labour and other miscellaneous departments.	76·81	4·45	5·7
Civil Works	218·34	29·00	13·3
Famine	1·00	·75	75·0
Pensions	79·84	2·20	2·7
Stationery and Printing	23·57	1·63	6·9
Miscellaneous	4·21	·11	2·6
B. Expenditure common to several major heads, and not included in list A (above)—			
(*a*) Special pays	..	·91	..
(*b*) Compensatory allowance ..	..	·47	..
(*c*) Travelling allowance including Fixed Travelling allowance.	..	8·80	..
(*d*) Contingencies and supplies and services.	..	8·29	..
Total ..	1,726·79	146·60	..

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